

Financial Report

with Supplemental Information

June 30, 2020



City of Saline, Michigan

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the City Council City of Saline, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Saline, Michigan (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Saline, Michigan's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Saline, Michigan as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



To the City Council City of Saline, Michigan

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Saline, Michigan's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Hante & Moran, PLLC

October 20, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Saline, Michigan's (the "City") financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2020:

- The City fulfilled the requirements for eligibility for the City, Village, and Township Revenue Share (CVTRS). However, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the State of Michigan pooled the August payment with the federal funds received and created the Coronavirus Relief Local Government Grants Program (CRLGG). The CRLGG funds were not made available until after the June 30 fiscal year end, and, therefore, our CVTRS revenue for May and June was not eligible to be recorded in these financials.
- The City received excess personal property revenue from the Local Community Stabilization Authority (LCSA).
 Extra funds were recommended to be assigned for future legislative changes. This assigned fund balance increased to \$1,099,375 after netting the potential expenses for pending tax appeals.
- The 2020 pension plan showed benefits paid exceeding employer contributions and experienced a gain in investment income, resulting in an increased funded percentage from 60.49 percent in 2019 to 63.40 percent with assigned funds of \$350,000 to be applied for unfunded liabilities.
- The City continues to work with developers with a pending sales agreement and consider proposals on other lots. No land sales were recorded in this fiscal year.
- During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City had 1.0416 mills of excess capacity available by vote of the City Council.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can provide an approximate measure of the cost of providing services during the current year and estimate how closely the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they reflect how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The City as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net position of the current date and compared to prior year:

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-type Activities		Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Assets							
Current assets	\$10,224,533	\$ 9,006,469	\$ 9,402,514	\$ 8,454,836	\$ 19,627,047	\$ 17,461,305	
Noncurrent assets	25,414,187	26,402,261	34,619,234	34,993,227	60,033,421	61,395,488	
Total assets	35,638,720	35,408,730	44,021,748	43,448,063	79,660,468	78,856,793	
Deferred Outflows of							
Resources	1,210,984	1,632,497	406,489	368,259	1,617,473	2,000,756	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	805,980	686,416	733,161	897,455	1,539,141	1,583,871	
Long-term liabilities	19,557,230	20,874,576	13,212,265	13,306,151	32,769,495	34,180,727	
Total liabilities	20,363,210	21,560,992	13,945,426	14,203,606	34,308,636	35,764,598	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	760,753	869,928	312,827	364,559	1,073,580	1,234,487	
Net Position Net investment in capital assets - Net of related							
depreciation	20,328,545	19,933,876	24,635,597	24,755,814	44,964,142	44,689,690	
Restricted	3,462,526	2,595,673	3,631,598	3,279,653	7,094,124	5,875,326	
Unrestricted	(8,065,330)	(7,919,242)	1,902,789	1,212,690	(6,162,541)	(6,706,552)	
Total net position	\$15,725,741	\$ 14,610,307	\$ 30,169,984	\$ 29,248,157	\$ 45,895,725	\$ 43,858,464	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The City's Changes in Net Position

The following table shows the changes in net position during the year ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the prior year:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Revenue							
Program revenue:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,356,968	\$ 2,860,305	\$ 5,503,259	\$ 5,549,940	\$ 7,860,227	\$ 8,410,245	
Operating grants and contributions	004 407	000.040			004 407	000 040	
Capital grants and	921,487	902,613	-	-	921,487	902,613	
contributions	889,450	355,462	164,715	1,102,133	1,054,165	1,457,595	
General revenue:	333, 133	000,.02		.,2,	.,00.,.00	., ,	
Property taxes	7,793,411	6,908,231	-	-	7,793,411	6,908,231	
State-shared revenue	1,502,533	1,662,934	-	-	1,502,533	1,662,934	
Unrestricted investment							
earnings	106,895	138,867	102,176	57,834	209,071	196,701	
Other revenue: Cable franchise fees	234,696	238,944			234,696	238,944	
Miscellaneous	576,414	874,600	_	- 77,655	576,414	952,255	
iviiscellarieous	070,414	074,000		11,000	070,414	302,200	
Total revenue	14,381,854	13,941,956	5,770,150	6,787,562	20,152,004	20,729,518	
Expenses							
General government	3,773,597	3,432,794	-	-	3,773,597	3,432,794	
Legislative	61,421	57,312	-	-	61,421	57,312	
Public safety	3,192,659	3,007,192	-	-	3,192,659	3,007,192	
Public works	3,520,669	3,980,516	-	-	3,520,669	3,980,516	
Health and welfare	94,771	70,340	-	-	94,771	70,340	
Building department	344,310	324,886 2,306,464	-	-	344,310	324,886	
Parks, recreation, and culture Interest on long-term debt	2,011,798 139,021	168,497	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,011,798 139,021	2,306,464 168,497	
Unallocated	128,174	128,174	_	<u>-</u>	128,174	128,174	
Water and sewer		-	4,848,323	4,203,836	4,848,323	4,203,836	
Total expenses	13,266,420	13,476,175	4,848,323	4,203,836	18,114,743	17,680,011	
Change in Net Position	1,115,434	465,781	921,827	2,583,726	2,037,261	3,049,507	
Net Position - Beginning of year	14,610,307	14,144,526	29,248,157	26,664,431	43,858,464	40,808,957	
Net Position - End of year	\$ 15,725,741	\$ 14,610,307	\$ 30,169,984	\$ 29,248,157	\$ 45,895,725	\$ 43,858,464	

Governmental Activities

Table 2 reflects the breakout of revenue and expenses compared to the prior year.

The City experienced an overall decrease in revenue in a number of different areas, including, but not limited to, lower charge for services and state-shared revenue.

Business-type Activities

The City's business-type activities consist of the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund. The City provides drinking water to city residents from its municipal water system from underground wells. The City provides sewage treatment through a city-owned and operated sewage treatment plant.

The municipality ensures adequate funding for its business-type water and sewer activities by annually reviewing the utility rates to cover all projects, operations, and maintenance of the utility systems. Annually reviewing the water and sewer rates more accurately reflects current projects and trends that drive the rates.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The City's Funds

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins with the governmental funds balance sheet following the government-wide financial statements that immediately follow this discussion. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. The City Council creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes and to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages.

The General Fund pays for most of the City's governmental services. The most significant are general government, public safety (police and fire), and public works. These services are primarily supported by property taxes and state-shared revenue, as well as various charges for services.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund revenue changes over the prior year included increased property taxes from the additional 1 mill street levy and some development.

General Fund expense changes include increased cost for employee payouts and retiree health care and pension liabilities.

Over the course of the year, the City has amended the budget to consider events during the year. Overall revenue was lower than budgeted, and expenses were higher than expected.

The combined General Fund end of year fund balance increased from \$4,230,493 a year ago to \$4,591,521 at June 30, 2020, with \$4,544,538 as the year-end fund balance for the General Fund and \$36,983 for Fire Department Special Assessment.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At the end of the 2020 fiscal year, the City had about \$60 million (more than half debt free) invested in a broad range of noncurrent assets, including land, buildings, streets, police and fire equipment, and water and sewer lines. In addition, the City was planning to budget approximately \$6.8 million in additional infrastructure and capital improvements in the subsequent year (the majority to be funded with utility reserves, Act 51 state road funds, city and county millage for street projects, and bonds or from tax increment capture funds of the economic development component units).

The City now has debt of lower than one-half of its legal limit. For the previously issued sewer and water capital bonds and the new SRF sewer bond, the utility rates have already been adjusted accordingly to ensure sufficient utility revenue to cover the future debt service at least through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

COVID-19 played a major role in the last few months of our fiscal year. Staff reviewed projects and expenses and took a conservative cut to revenue for the final amended budget. Expenses for COVID-19 were tracked by each department, including cost for designing and creating sneeze guards for our public spaces, sanitizing the building and equipment, and purchasing equipment to assist in remote work and remote meetings. The City will monitor all grants and attempt to recover these costs.

The fiscal year 2021 budget also experienced significant reduction as a result of the unknown impact of the pandemic. State revenue was reduced and additional expenses for continued sanitation of buildings and potential increase in tax appeals were recorded.

Contacting the City's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the city clerk's office at (734) 429-4907, extension 2209.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

	ı			
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 9,491,370	\$ 4,166,558	\$ 13,657,928	\$ 1,058,766
Receivables (Note 4)	647,840	1,584,568	2,232,408	15,000
Due from component units (Note 6)	85,323	19,790	105,113	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	-	-	-	12,000
Restricted assets	-	3,631,598	3,631,598	-
Capital assets: (Note 5) Assets not subject to depreciation	1,642,028	549,682	2,191,710	40,749
Assets subject to depreciation - Net	23,713,277		57,782,829	-
Receivable due in more than one year	58,882		58,882	
Total assets	35,638,720	44,021,748	79,660,468	1,126,515
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred pension costs (Note 10)	436,408	74,528	510,936	_
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 9)	774,576	331,961	1,106,537	_
,				
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,210,984	406,489	1,617,473	_
	1,210,304	400,403	1,017,473	_
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	470,407	392,573	862,980	-
Due to other governmental units Due to primary government (Note 6)	-	-	-	13,792 105,113
Accrued liabilities and other	335,573	340,588	676,161	100,110
Noncurrent liabilities:	000,070	040,000	070,101	
Due within one year - Current portion of long-				
term debt and compensated absences	1,563,030	1,274,023	2,837,053	-
Due in more than one year:	0.400.400	1 601 024	10 701 222	
Net pension liability (Note 10) Net OPEB liability (Note 9)	9,189,408 3,395,923	1,601,924 1,455,401	10,791,332 4,851,324	-
Long-term debt and compensated	0,000,020	1, 100, 101	1,001,021	
absences (Note 7)	4,523,138	8,880,917	13,404,055	-
Obligation as part of joint	885,731		885,731	
venture (Note 11)	000,731	· 	003,731	
Total liabilities	20,363,210	13,945,426	34,308,636	118,905
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred pension cost reductions (Note 10)	51,242	8,751	59,993	-
Deferred OPEB cost reductions (Note 9)	709,511	304,076	1,013,587	
Total deferred inflows of resources	760,753	312,827	1,073,580	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	20,328,545	24,635,597	44,964,142	40,749
Restricted:				
Law enforcement training and other	29,230	-	29,230	-
Recreation	223,984	-	223,984	-
Solid waste Roads	73,658 3,135,654	- -	73,658 3,135,654	-
Capital replacement	-	3,631,598	3,631,598	- -
Unrestricted	(8,065,330)		(6,162,541)	966,861
Total net position	\$ 15,725,741	\$ 30,169,984	\$ 45,895,725	\$ 1,007,610

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2020

						Net (Exp	ense) Revenue and	Changes in Net	Position
				Program Revenue	•	P	rimary Government		<u> </u>
		•		Operating Grants			,		
			Charges for	and	and	Governmental	Business-type		
		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Component Units
Functions/Programs									
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	3,773,597	\$ 139,385	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,634,212)	\$ - \$	(3,634,212)	\$ -
Legislative	Ψ	61,421	-	· -	-	(61,421)	Ψ -	(61,421)	
Police, fire, and EMS		3,192,659	43,624	_	_	(3,149,035)	_	(3,149,035)	
Public works		3,520,669	-	906,509	536,981	(2,077,179)	_	(2,077,179)	
Health and welfare		94,771	51,222	-	-	(43,549)	-	(43,549)	
Building department		344,310	305,294	_	_	(39.016)	_	(39,016)	
Parks, recreation, and culture		2,011,798	1,817,443	14,978	-	(179,377)	-	(179,377)	
Interest and fees on long-term debt		139,021	, . ,	-	352,469		_	213,448	_
Unallocated depreciation		128,174	_	_	-	(128,174)	_	(128,174)	_
·		.20,						(120,111)	
Total governmental activities		13,266,420	2,356,968	921,487	889,450	(9,098,515)	-	(9,098,515)	-
Business-type activities:									
Water		1,917,618	2,751,606	-	52,330		886,318	886,318	-
Sewer		2,930,705	2,751,653		112,385		(66,667)	(66,667)	
Total business-type activities		4,848,323	5,503,259		164,715	-	819,651	819,651	
Total primary government	\$	18,114,743	\$ 7,860,227	\$ 921,487	\$ 1,054,165	(9,098,515)	819,651	(8,278,864)	_
Component units:									
Economic Development Corporation	\$	57,962	\$ 15,427	\$ -	\$ -	_	_	_	(42,535)
Tax Increment Finance Authority	*	367,095	-	•	· -	_	_	_	(367,095)
Local Development Finance Authority		675,310	_	_	_	_	_	_	(675,310)
Total component units	\$	1,100,367	\$ 15,427	\$ -	-	- =	-	-	(1,084,940)
	Gen	neral revenue:							
	00.	Property taxes				7,793,411	_	7,793,411	1,358,584
		State-shared r				1.502.533	_	1,502,533	-
			vestment income			106,895	102,176	209,071	9,050
		Cable franchis				234,696	-	234,696	-
			neous income			576,414		576,414	67,245
			Total general	l revenue		10,213,949	102,176	10,316,125	1,434,879
	01	ngo in Not De-	· ·						
		ange in Net Pos				1,115,434	921,827	2,037,261	349,939
	Net	Position - Beg	inning of year			14,610,307	29,248,157	43,858,464	657,671
	Net	Position - End	of year			\$ 15,725,741	\$ 30,169,984 \$	45,895,725	\$ 1,007,610
						_			

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2020

		Combining eneral Fund		Saline Recreation omplex Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total
		morar r arra	<u> </u>	omprox r arra		1 dilas		- Otal
Assets	\$	4 544 440	Φ	962 507	φ	4 444 404	φ	0.404.270
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Receivables (Note 4)	Ф	4,514,442 431,530	Ф	862,507 30,046	Ф	4,114,421 186,264	Ф	9,491,370 647,840
Due from component units (Note 6)		60,310		-		25,013		85,323
Receivable due in more than one year		58,882		-		,		58,882
Total assets	\$	5,065,164	\$	892,553	\$	4,325,698	\$	10,283,415
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	245,711	\$	26,353	\$	198,343	\$	470,407
Accrued liabilities and other		227,932		71,614		4,582		304,128
Total liabilities		473,643		97,967		202,925		774,535
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable (Note 12)		58,882		-		-		58,882
Restricted (Note 12)		29,230		223,984		3,209,312		3,462,526
Committed (Note 12)		43,135		570,602		913,461		1,527,198
Assigned (Note 12)		2,732,837		-		-		2,732,837
Unassigned		1,727,437		<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>		1,727,437
Total fund balances		4,591,521	_	794,586	_	4,122,773		9,508,880
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,065,164	\$	892,553	\$	4,325,698	\$	10,283,415

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 9,508,880
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	25,355,305
Long-term obligations, including long-term debt, compensated absences, and obligations as part of joint venture, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(6,971,899)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds	(31,445)
Some employee fringe benefits are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities:	
Pension benefits Retiree health care benefits	(8,804,242) (3,330,858)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 15,725,741

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Combining eneral Fund	Saline Recreation mplex Fund	Non	major Funds	Total
Revenue					
Property taxes State sources Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Licenses and permits:	\$ 6,341,228 1,453,064 780,611 43,874	\$ - - 1,068,893 -	\$	1,452,183 955,978 49,772	\$ 7,793,411 2,409,042 1,899,276 43,874
Cable franchise fees Other licenses and permits Interest and rentals Other revenue:	234,696 412,241 53,235	- - 11,442		- - 42,218	234,696 412,241 106,895
Local donations Other miscellaneous income Revenue from the county	431,838 173,264	14,978 - -		50,097 -	14,978 481,935 173,264
Total revenue	9,924,051	1,095,313		2,550,248	13,569,612
Expenditures Current services:	4,415,980			10.026	4 426 006
General government Legislative Public safety	61,421 2,763,430	- - -		10,926 - -	4,426,906 61,421 2,763,430
Public works Cemetery Engineering department	943,264 62,579 120,783	- - -		1,383,889 - -	2,327,153 62,579 120,783
Parks, recreation, and culture Capital outlay Debt service	308,242 35,511 333,620	 1,334,571 23,130 229,969		- - 543,321	1,642,813 58,641 1,106,910
Total expenditures	 9,044,830	 1,587,670		1,938,136	12,570,636
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	879,221	(492,357)		612,112	998,976
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (Note 6) Transfers out (Note 6)	30,840 (549,033)	 255,398 -		373,635 (110,840)	659,873 (659,873)
Total other financing (uses) sources	 (518,193)	 255,398		262,795	
Net Change in Fund Balances	361,028	(236,959)		874,907	998,976
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	4,230,493	 1,031,545		3,247,866	8,509,904
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 4,591,521	\$ 794,586	\$	4,122,773	\$ 9,508,880

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 998,976
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation: Capital outlay Depreciation expense Net book value of assets disposed of	1,206,181 (2,024,547) (77,208)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	1,313,334
Interest expense is recognized in the government-wide statements as it accrues	7,024
Changes in some employee costs (pension, OPEB, and compensated absences) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	(134,078)
Change in joint venture equity interest is not a financial resource and is not reported in the governmental funds	 (174,248)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,115,434

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds - Major Funds				
	V	/ater		Sewer	Total
Assets					
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Receivables (Note 4) Due from component units	\$ 3	3,041,253 710,322 -	\$	1,125,305 \$ 874,246 19,790	4,166,558 1,584,568 19,790
Total current assets	3	3,751,575		2,019,341	5,770,916
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets Capital assets: (Note 5) Assets not subject to depreciation Assets subject to depreciation - Net		1,768,224 106,560 3,102,040		1,863,374 443,122 20,967,512	3,631,598 549,682 34,069,552
Total noncurrent assets		1,976,824		23,274,008	38,250,832
Total assets		3,728,399		25,293,349	44,021,748
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred pension costs (Note 10) Deferred OPEB costs (Note 9) Total deferred outflows of resources		29,770 132,785 162,555		44,758 199,176 243,934	74,528 331,961 406,489
Liabilities		,		-,	,
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities and other Current portion of long-term debt and compensated absences (Note 7)		103,403 60,693 560,926		289,170 279,895 713,097	392,573 340,588 1,274,023
Total current liabilities		725,022		1,282,162	2,007,184
Noncurrent liabilities: Net pension liability (Note 10) Net OPEB liability (Note 9) Long-term debt and compensated absences (Note 7)		409,724 582,163 2,245,628		1,192,200 873,238 6,635,289	1,601,924 1,455,401 8,880,917
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,237,515		8,700,727	11,938,242
Total liabilities	3	3,962,537		9,982,889	13,945,426
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension cost reductions (Note 10) Deferred OPEB cost reductions (Note 9)		3,496 121,631		5,255 182,445	8,751 304,076
Total deferred inflows of resources		125,127		187,700	312,827
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted - Capital replacement Unrestricted	•	0,470,567 1,768,224 2,564,499		14,165,030 1,863,374 (661,710)	24,635,597 3,631,598 1,902,789
Total net position	\$ 14	4,803,290	\$	15,366,694 \$	30,169,984

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds - Major Funds					
	Water	Sewer	Total			
Operating Revenue Sale of water Sewage disposal charges Charges for services	\$ 2,648,81 - 102,79	2,693,964	\$ 2,648,816 2,693,964 160,479			
Total operating revenue	2,751,60	2,751,653	5,503,259			
Operating Expenses Cost of water Cost of sewage treatment Operating and maintenance costs General and administrative costs Depreciation	952,18 - 241,34 81,04 	1,552,838 5 194,327 9 255,641	952,185 1,552,838 435,672 336,690 1,309,348			
Total operating expenses	1,825,79	2,760,942	4,586,733			
Operating Income (Loss)	925,81	5 (9,289)	916,526			
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) Investment income Interest expense Total nonoperating expense	56,72 (91,82 (35,10	(169,763)	102,176 (261,590) (159,414)			
Income (Loss) - Before capital contributions	890,70		757,112			
Capital Contributions Capital grants Contributions from LDFA and TIFA Total capital contributions	52,33 52,33	56,439 55,946	56,439 108,276 164,715			
Change in Net Position	943,03	9 (21,212)	921,827			
Net Position - Beginning of year	13,860,25	,	29,248,157			
Net Position - End of year	\$ 14,803,29	15,366,694	\$ 30,169,984			

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds - Major Funds					
		Water	Sewer	Total		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees and fringes Other receipts	\$	2,772,596 \$ (411,109) (694,431) -	(1,019,670) (979,034) 43,279	5,356,345 (1,430,779) (1,673,465) 43,279		
Payments to the General Fund for administrative costs		(150,000)	(140,000)	(290,000)		
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities		1,517,056	488,324	2,005,380		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Issuance of long-term debt Receipt of capital grants Purchase of capital assets Principal and interest paid on capital debt		- (242,026) (600,723)	917,190 56,439 (693,329) (701,064)	917,190 56,439 (935,355) (1,301,787)		
Net cash and cash equivalents used in capital and related financing activities		(842,749)	(420,764)	(1,263,513)		
Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities - Interest received		56,721	45,455	102,176		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		731,028	113,015	844,043		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		4,078,449	2,875,664	6,954,113		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	4,809,477 \$	2,988,679 \$	7,798,156		
Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and investments Restricted cash	\$	3,041,253 \$ 1,768,224	1,125,305 \$ 1,863,374	4,166,558 3,631,598		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,809,477 \$	2,988,679 \$	7,798,156		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash and Cash Equivalents from Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$	925,815 \$	(9,289) \$	916,526		
and cash equivalents from operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		551,212	758,136	1,309,348		
Receivables Net pension or OPEB liability Accounts payable		20,990 (51,047) 70,086	(124,625) 150,140 (286,038)	(103,635) 99,093 (215,952)		
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities	\$	1,517,056 \$	488,324 \$	2,005,380		

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

luna	20	2020
June	3U.	ZUZU

	Ag	ency Fund
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	673,023
Receivables		127,608
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	800,631
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	11,469
Due to other governmental units		139,738
Accrued liabilities and other		649,424
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	800,631

Component Units Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

	De	conomic velopment orporation	Ta	ax Increment Finance Authority	Local Development Finance Authority	Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Receivables Due from other funds (Note 6) Prepaid expenses and other assets Capital assets - Assets not subject to	\$	5,626 15,000 15,908 12,000	\$	689,634 - - -	\$ 363,506 - - -	\$ 1,058,766 15,000 15,908 12,000
depreciation		-			40,749	 40,749
Total assets		48,534		689,634	404,255	1,142,423
Liabilities						
Due to other governmental units Due to primary government (Note 6) Due to other funds (Note 6)		- - -		10,749 80,375 15,908	3,043 24,738 	 13,792 105,113 15,908
Total liabilities		-		107,032	27,781	 134,813
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		- 48,534		- 582,602	40,749 335,725	 40,749 966,861
Total net position	\$	48,534	\$	582,602	\$ 376,474	\$ 1,007,610

Component Units Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program Revenue				Net (Exper	nse) Revenue ar	nd Changes in N	et Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	De	Economic evelopment Corporation	Tax Increment Finance Authority	Local Development Finance Authority	Total
Functions/Programs				•		(40 -0-)		•	. (10 =0=)
Economic Development Corporation Tax Increment Finance Authority Local Development Finance Authority	367,095	\$ 15,427 - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	(42,535) - -	\$ - (367,095) -	\$ - - (675,310)	\$ (42,535) (367,095) (675,310)
Total component units	\$ 1,100,367	\$ 15,427		\$ -	=	(42,535)	(367,095)	(675,310)	(1,084,940)
General revenue: Property taxes Unrestricted investment income Other miscellaneous income						- - 67,245	647,163 4,420 	711,421 4,630 	1,358,584 9,050 67,245
		Total general	revenue			67,245	651,583	716,051	1,434,879
Change in Net Position						24,710	284,488	40,741	349,939
	Net Position -	Beginning of yea	ar			23,824	298,114	335,733	657,671
	Net Position -	End of year			\$	48,534	\$ 582,602	\$ 376,474	\$ 1,007,610

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Saline, Michigan (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Saline, Michigan:

Reporting Entity

The City of Saline, Michigan is governed by an elected mayor and six-member city council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the City's operations, even though they are separate legal entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the City. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

Blended Component Units

The Building Authority is a city-created and directed authority whose sole business activity is acquiring and leasing property to the City. The Building Authority was created during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1990. Building Authority operations consist of the issuance and repayment of debt and the construction of facilities. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Building Authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The following component units are reported within the component units column in the financial statements. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. There are no separately issued financial statements for each component unit; however, more detailed information on each component unit is disclosed in the other supplemental information section of these financial statements.

- a. The Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA) and the Tax Increment Finance Authority (TIFA) (collectively, the "Authorities") were created to promote economic growth and business development within the community. The Authorities' governing bodies each consist of 11 individuals who are selected by the City Council. In addition, each authority's budget is subject to approval by the City Council.
- b. The Economic Development Corporation (EDC) and Economic Development Trust (ED Trust) were created to provide means and methods for the encouragement and assistance of industrial and commercial enterprises within the City so as to provide needed services and facilities of such enterprises to the residents of the City. The EDC's and the ED Trust's governing bodies each consist of 11 individuals who are selected by the City Council.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Economic Development Trust had no activity.

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units, as applicable. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes, unrestricted intergovernmental receipts, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule occur when there are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the City has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree health care-related costs or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the City considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. The City does not have any revenue sources that will be collected after the period of availability

Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's proprietary funds relates to charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer funds also recognize the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The City accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it spends certain resources; separate funds allow the City to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue is used. The various funds are aggregated into three broad fund types:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. Governmental funds can include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and permanent funds. The City reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide government services other than those specifically assigned to another fund.
- The Saline Recreation Complex Fund accounts for recreation and culture activities within the City that are financed through various user charges and miscellaneous local sources.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds (which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees). The City reports the following funds as major enterprise funds:

- The Water Fund is used to account for the results of operations that provide water services to citizens that are financed primarily by a user charge for the provision of that service.
- The Sewer Fund is used to account for the results of operations that provide sewer services to citizens
 that are financed primarily by a user charge for the provision of that service.

Agency Fund

The Agency Fund includes amounts held in a fiduciary capacity for others. These amounts are not used to operate the City's programs. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment income is generally allocated to each fund using a weighted average.

Restricted Assets

Within the enterprise funds, city code and a financing agreement with the State of Michigan require amounts to be set aside for future capital replacements of the water and sewer systems. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible assets, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current year, there was no interest expense that was capitalized as part of the cost of assets under construction.

Infrastructure, intangibles, buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Capital Asset Class	Depreciable Life - Years
Roads and sidewalks	10 to 50
Water and sewer lines and laterals	75 to 100
Wellsite	50
Buildings and improvements	8 to 50
Furniture and equipment	3 to 40
Vehicles	4 to 20
Land improvements	5 to 25

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position and/or balance sheet. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. The General Fund and debt service funds are generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The City reports deferred outflows related to the defined benefit pension plan and the other postemployment benefit plan, which are reported in the government-wide financial statements and the Water and Sewer funds (see Notes 9 and 10).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The City reports deferred inflows related to the defined benefit pension plan and other postemployment benefit plan (see Notes 9 and 10).

Net Position

Net position of the City is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted.

Net Position Flow Assumption

The City will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements (as applicable), a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The City will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council has, by resolution, authorized city staff to assign fund balance. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist only temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The fund balance policy prescribes the minimum fund balance as 15 to 20 percent of the preceding year's audited expenditures in the General Fund's unassigned fund balance. This is deemed to be the prudent amount to maintain the City's ability to meet obligations as they come due throughout the year. If this fund balance drops below 15 percent, attempts will be made to adjust budgets to restore the desired fund balance. If this fund balance exceeds 20 percent, the City Council will consider using a portion of the unassigned fund balance for purposes such as the following, in suggested priority order: fund the MERS pension fund; assign for capital projects; advance fund the OPEB trust; and assign to pay down debt, including employee compensated absences.

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied on each July 1 on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. The property taxes become a lien on July 1. Taxes are due by September 1 (summer taxes) and February 14 (winter taxes). Taxes are considered delinquent on September 1 (summer taxes) and March 1 (winter taxes), at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The City's 2019 property tax revenue was levied and collectible on July 1, 2019 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2020, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

The 2019 taxable valuation of the City totaled approximately \$472 million (a portion of which is abated and a portion of which is captured by TIFA and LDFA), on which taxes levied consisted of 14.0242 mills for operating purposes, 1.7373 mills for refuse services, 0.5185 mills for debt service, and 1.0000 mill for street improvements. This resulted in approximately \$6.1 million for operating, \$751,000 for refuse services, \$240,000 for debt service, and \$462,000 for street improvements. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund, special revenue fund, and debt service fund financial statements as tax revenue. Note that the financial statement reported amounts are inclusive of property tax revenue related to interest, penalties, and administrative fees not reflected in the above figures.

Pension

The City offers a defined benefit pension plan to its employees. The City records a net pension liability for the difference between the total pension liability calculated by the actuary and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plan and additions to/deductions from the pension plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefit Costs

The City offers retiree health care benefits to retirees. The City records a net OPEB liability for the difference between the total OPEB liability calculated by the actuary and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about fiduciary net position of the City of Saline Retiree Health Care Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported in the OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end.

Compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. Claims and judgments liability will generally be liquidated through the City's General Fund. The net pension and net OPEB costs have generally been liquidated from the funds from which the individual employees' salaries are paid, which are primarily the General Fund and Water and Sewer funds.

Proprietary Funds Operating Classification

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Water and Sewer funds is charges to customers for sales or services. The Water and Sewer funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for these funds include the cost of sales or services administrative expenses and may include depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement were originally effective for the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 but were extended to June 30, 2021 with the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*.

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement were originally effective for the City's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021 but were extended to June 30, 2022 with the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This statement addresses eight unrelated practice issues and technical inconsistencies in authoritative literature. The standard addresses leases, intraentity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments. The standard has various effective dates. The City does not believe this pronouncement will have a significant impact on its financial statements but is still making a full evaluation.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, to bring a uniform guidance on how to report public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. As a result, transferors in public-private or public-public arrangements will recognize receivables for installment payments, deferred inflows of resources, and, when applicable, capital assets. Operators will recognize liabilities for installment payments and intangible right-to-use assets and, when applicable, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities for assets being transferred. This statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements in which a government compensates an operator for services such as designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2023.

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), which defines SBITAs and provides accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs by governments. This statement requires a government to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset for SBITAs. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2023.

In June 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. While this standard had certain aspects impacting defined contribution pension and OPEB plans and other employee benefit plans that were effective immediately, it also clarifies when a 457 should be considered a pension plan or an other employee benefit plan to assist in the application of GASB Statement No. 84 to these types of plans. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement related to 457 plans are effective for the City's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Construction Code Fees

The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative shortfall generated since January 1, 2001 is as follows:

Shortfall at July 1, 2019	\$	(1,438,965
Current year permit revenue Related expenses:		283,947
Direct costs Estimated indirect costs	\$ 360,369 54,830	415,199
Current year shortfall	_	(131,252
Cumulative shortfall June 30, 2020	9	(1,570,217

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The law also allows investments outside the state of Michigan when fully insured. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classification that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions that are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The City has designated seven banks for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and CDs but not the remainder of state statutory authority, as listed above. The City's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has a deposit policy for custodial credit risk requiring diversification among banks to increase FDIC coverage (which totaled \$1,010,359 at year end) and depositing beyond FDIC insurance only in banks that have better financial ratios listed by the rating agencies. At year end, the City had \$12,086,251 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. Of the \$13,096,610 in total deposits, \$496,780 relates to component unit accounts; however, for the purpose of FDIC coverage, the component units are combined with that of the City. The City believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has a policy for custodial credit risk requiring diligence and prudence of investment officials when considering investments in obligations other than those of an agency of the United States. At year end, the City had no investment securities that were uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The City avoids any one investment exceeding 10 percent of the City's total investments.

Pool and Sweep Accounts that are 2a7-like Investments

At year end, the City had investments in two government investment funds that are operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. These funds are fully liquid for withdrawal at any time, and the price per unit does not fluctuate with interest earned according to the amount and duration of investment. One of these pools is not rated, and the GASB Statement No. 40 disclosures do not otherwise apply, but each of the two funds fully comply with Michigan's Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended.

At year end, the City had \$230,090 in such a fund at Comerica Bank (J Fund, which has an A1/P1/F1 rating), plus \$6,329,170 in such a fund with MBIA Asset Management Group (Michigan CLASS, which is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's). The Comerica J Fund is recorded at amortized cost. There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for that investment pool.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The City restricts the amount of investments in foreign currency and, thus, at year end had no securities subject to foreign currency risk.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2020 for the City's individual major funds and the nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Primary Government											
			Goverr	nmen	ıtal Activities				Busi	nes	s-type Act	tivit	ies
	Ger	bining neral und	Saline Recreat Comple Fund	ion ∋x	Nonmajor Funds	_	Total ernmental ctivities	W	ater Fund	Se	ewer Fund		Total Business- type Activities
Receivables: Accounts Property taxes Other	_	39,379	\$ 30.0	-	\$ - - 59.399	\$	39,379	\$	710,322	\$	842,409 - 31.837	\$	1,552,731
Due from other governments		31,622 30,529	30,0	- -	126,865		351,067 257,394		<u>-</u>		-	_	31,837
Net receivables	\$ 43	31,530	\$ 30,0	946	\$ 186,264	\$	647,840	\$	710,322	\$	874,246	\$	1,584,568

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Balance July 1, 2019	Reclassifications	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,413,209 97,811	\$ - (45,056)	\$ - 176,064	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 1,413,209 228,819
Subtotal	1,511,020	(45,056)	176,064	-	1,642,028
Capital assets being depreciated: Roads and sidewalks Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	37,598,344 22,459,518 5,279,607	45,056 - -	774,398 - 255,719	(694,569) - (8,950)	37,723,229 22,459,518 5,526,376
Subtotal	65,337,469	45,056	1,030,117	(703,519)	65,709,123
Accumulated depreciation: Roads and sidewalks Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	24,839,689 12,290,434 3,467,487	- - -	1,284,324 445,976 294,247	(617,361) - (8,950)	25,506,652 12,736,410 3,752,784
Subtotal	40,597,610		2,024,547	(626,311)	41,995,846
Net capital assets being depreciated	24,739,859	45,056	(994,430)	(77,208)	23,713,277
Net governmental activities capital assets	\$ 26,250,879	\$	\$ (818,366)	\$ (77,208)	\$ 25,355,305

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type Activities

	Balance July 1, 2019	Reclassifications	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 186,933 3,430,461	\$ - (3,377,562)	\$ - 309,850	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 186,933 362,749
Subtotal	3,617,394	(3,377,562)	309,850	-	549,682
Capital assets being depreciated: Water and sewer lines and laterals Wellsite	24,929,004 226,746	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	24,929,004 226,746
Building, treatment plant, and equipment Land improvements	19,269,554 7,606,569	- 3,377,562	184,767 440,738	<u>-</u>	19,454,321 11,424,869
Subtotal	52,031,873	3,377,562	625,505	-	56,034,940
Accumulated depreciation: Water and sewer lines and laterals Wellsite Building, treatment plant, and	6,221,407 99,717	-	285,685 4,535	- -	6,507,092 104,252
equipment Land improvements	12,482,632 1,852,284		612,613 406,515	-	13,095,245 2,258,799
Subtotal	20,656,040	-	1,309,348	_	21,965,388
Net capital assets being depreciated	31,375,833	3,377,562	(683,843)		34,069,552
Net business-type activities capital assets	\$ 34,993,227	\$ -	\$ (373,993)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 34,619,234
Depreciation expense wa	as charged to pr	ograms of the pri	imary governme	nt as follows:	
Governmental activitie General governme Public safety Public works Cemetery Recreation and cul Highways and stree Unallocated	nt ture			\$	115,761 54,150 170,329 20,301 236,824 1,299,008 128,174
Total governme	ental activities			\$	2,024,547

Amount

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects at year end. The projects include the bond issue and the project. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	_	Spent to Date	Remaining Commitment
Major and local streets projects Water and sewer improvements	\$; - 240,790	\$ 977,702 79,534
Total	\$	240,790	\$ 1,057,236

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund balances and amounts due between the City and its component units represent routine and temporary cash flow assistance resulting from interfund activity until the amounts can be reimbursed.

Payable Fund

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund

Economic Development Corporation	Lax Increment Finance Authority	\$	15,908
The balance of amounts loaned to (borrowe	ed from) discretely presented component	units i	is as follows:
Receivable	Payable		Amount
Primary government - General Fund	Component unit - Tax Increment Finance Authority	\$	60,310
Primary government - Solid Waste and Reclamation Fund	Component unit - Tax Increment Finance Authority		275
Primary government - Major Streets Fund	Component unit - Local Development Finance Authority		24,738
Primary government - Sewer Fund	Component unit - Tax Increment Finance Authority		19,790
	Total	\$	105,113

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are composed of the following:

Paying Fund (Transfer Out)	Receiving Fund (Transfer In)	. —	Amount
General Fund	Capital projects - Building Authority Fund (3) Saline Recreation Complex Fund (2) Saline Recreation Complex Fund (3)	\$	293,635 25,000 230,398
	Total General Fund		549,033
Major Streets Fund	Local Streets Fund (1)		80,000
Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	General Fund (4)	_	30,840
	Total	\$	659,873

The following describes the nature of the transfers:

(1) Transfer for capital improvements

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

- (2) Transfers of discretionary funds to be used for the benefit of the community
- (3) Transfer for debt service
- (4) Transfer to reimburse the general fund for maintenance costs

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 can be summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Principal Interest Rate Maturity Beginning Ranges Ranges Balance Add		Additions	Additions Reductions		Due within One Year	
General obligations: Direct borrowings and direct placements - Installment purchase: Amount of issue - \$105,737 Maturing through 2022	1.99%	\$15,916 - \$42,522	\$ 90,276	\$ -	\$ (15,605) \$	74,671	\$ 15,916
Other debt: 2010 Refunding 2001 UTGO: Amount of issue -							
\$2,100,993 Maturing through 2021 2012 Refunding 2004 UTGO: Amount of issue -	2.75% - 3.625%	\$233,444	451,986	-	(218,543)	233,443	233,444
\$3,099,785 Maturing through 2024 2014 Refunding 2005 GO Capital Improvement Bonds (DPW):	2.00% - 2.50%	\$280,043 - \$333,155	1,607,832	-	(304,185)	1,303,647	318,670
Amount of issue - \$2,831,250 Maturing through 2025 2014 Refunding 2005 GO Capital Improvement Bonds	2.16%	\$247,500 - \$318,750	1,792,500	-	(277,501)	1,514,999	288,750
(Recreation): Amount of issue - \$943,750 Maturing through 2025 2015 Refunding 2005 Building Authority Bonds: Amount of issue -	2.16%	\$82,500 - \$106,250	597,500	-	(92,500)	505,000	96,250
\$1,480,000 Maturing through 2020 2017 Refunding 2007 GOLT Rec and Sewer Bonds: Amount of issue -	-	-	315,000	-	(315,000)	-	-
\$1,575,000 Maturing through 2033	2.43%	\$90,000 - \$125,000	1,485,000		(90,000)	1,395,000	95,000
Total other debt principal outstanding			6,249,818	-	(1,297,729)	4,952,089	1,032,114
Total general obligations			6,340,094	-	(1,313,334)	5,026,760	1,048,030
Compensated absences			1,233,457	515,440	(689,489)	1,059,408	515,000
Total governmental activities long-term debt			\$ 7,573,551	\$ 515,440	\$ (2,002,823)	6,086,168	\$ 1,563,030

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Business-type Activities

	Principal Interest Rate Maturity Beginning Ranges Ranges Balance Addition		Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year	
General obligation bonds: Direct borrowings and direct placements: 1999 General Obligation Limited							
Tax Water Bonds: Amount of issue - \$1,197,279 Maturing through 2020	-	-	\$ 77,279	\$ -	\$ (77,279)	\$ -	\$ -
2004 General Obligation Water Bonds: Amount of issue - \$6,840,000		\$340,000 -					
Maturing through 2025 2015 Sewer SRF Loan: Amount of issue - \$3,300,000	2.50%	\$420,000 \$130,000 -	2,399,782	-	(380,000)	2,019,782	390,000
Maturing through 2036 Installment purchase: Amount of Issue - \$246,721	2.50%	\$205,000 \$36,077 -	2,870,397	-	(135,000)	2,735,397	140,000
Maturing through 2022 2018 Odor Control SRF Amount of Issue - \$3,875,000	1.99%	\$99,218 \$160,000 -	210,644	-	(36,413)	174,231	37,137
Maturing through 2039	2.00%	\$230,000	2,419,129	917,190	(160,000)	3,176,319	165,000
Total direct borrowings and direct placements principal outstanding			7,977,231	917,190	(788,692)	8,105,729	732,137
Other debt: 2009 Multipurpose LTGO: Amount of issue - \$1,000,000		\$35,000 -					
Maturing through 2030 2010 Refunding 2001 UTGO: Amount of issue - \$2,129,007	3.20% - 5.00%	\$75,000	685,000	-	(50,000)	635,000	55,000
Maturing through 2021 2012 Refunding 2004 UTGO:	2.75% - 3.625%	\$236,557	458,014	-	(221,457)	236,557	236,557
Amount of issue - \$110,215 Maturing through 2024 2017 Refunding 2007 GOLT Rec and Sewer Bonds:	2.00% - 2.50%	\$9,957 - \$11,845	57,168	-	(10,817)	46,351	11,329
Amount of issue - \$1,150,000 Maturing through 2033	2.43%	\$90,000 - \$135,000	1,060,000		(100,000)	960,000	105,000
Total other debt principal outstanding			2,260,182		(382,274)	1,877,908	407,886
Total general obligation bonds			10,237,413	917,190	(1,170,966)	9,983,637	1,140,023
Compensated absences			148,065	134,095	(110,857)	171,303	134,000
Total business-type activities long-term debt			\$ 10,385,478	\$ 1,051,285	\$ (1,281,823)	\$ 10,154,940	\$ 1,274,023

General Obligation Bonds and Contracts

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligations have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The City's qualified bonds are fully guaranteed by the State of Michigan. The primary source of any required repayment is from the City's property tax levy. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the City.

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Other Long-term Liabilities

Compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. The claims and judgments liability will generally be liquidated through the City's General Fund. The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability will be liquidated from the funds from which the individual employee's salaries are paid, generally the General Fund and the Water and Sewer funds.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

	Governmental Activities										
	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements					Other Debt					
Years Ending June 30	Principal			Interest		Principal		Interest		Total	
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2030 2031-2035 2036-2040	\$	15,916 16,233 42,522 - - - - -	\$	1,486 1,169 847 - - - - -	\$	1,032,114 818,326 818,498 848,151 525,000 545,000 365,000	\$	112,577 87,117 69,710 52,231 32,508 78,065 13,425	\$	1,162,093 922,845 931,577 900,382 557,508 623,065 378,425	
Total	\$	74,671	\$	3,502	\$	4,952,089	\$	445,633	\$	5,475,895	
	Business-type Activities										
	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements				Other Debt						
Years Ending June 30		Principal		Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest		Total	
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2030	\$	732,137 747,876 829,218 740,000 729,782 1,775,000	\$	180,998 174,357 156,554 137,054 119,657 458,600	\$	407,886 176,674 181,502 191,846 180,000 740,000	\$	61,383 47,715 42,437 36,987 31,135 68,458	\$	1,382,404 1,146,622 1,209,711 1,105,887 1,060,574 3,042,058	
2031-2035 2036-2040		1,980,000 571,716		251,275 36,935	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		2,231,275 608,651	

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Additional Resources

The Local Development Finance Authority and Tax Increment Finance Authority have committed to pay certain obligations of the City of Saline, Michigan to the extent that future property tax captures are sufficient to do so. The estimated amounts that may be paid under these commitments are as follows:

		Local Development Finance						
		Ta	ax Increment	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
			Finance	Sheldon District		Tatal		
			Authority	and Sauk Trail		Total		
2021		\$	238,600	\$	244,865	\$	483,465	
2022			76,996		97,995		174,991	
2023			74,489		94,804		169,293	
2024			75,190		95,696		170,886	
	Total	\$	465,275	\$	533,360	\$	998,635	

In addition, the Sauk Trail Local Development Finance Authority district has committed to repay the City moneys advanced for projects performed within the district during its initial startup. As of June 30, 2020, the commitments payable to the City's Major Streets Fund totaled \$47,736.

During June 2015, the City issued \$3,600,000 of Sanitary Sewer System Junior Lien Revenue Bonds and simultaneously sold them to the Michigan Finance Authority. These bond proceeds will be drawn by the City to fund upgrades to the sewer system. Bonds payable will be due from the City as funds are drawn down. As of June 30, 2020, the City had begun work on these sewer upgrades, had drawn \$3,565,397 of these funds, had paid back \$530,000, and had been forgiven \$300,000, which resulted in the liability of \$2,735,397 recorded on the City's June 30, 2020 financial statements.

During June 2018, the City obtained additional State Revolving Fund financing from the Michigan Finance Authority for \$3,875,000. As of June 30, 2020, the City had drawn \$3,636,319 of these funds, had paid back \$160,000, and had been forgiven \$300,000, which resulted in the liability of \$3,176,319 recorded on the City's June 30, 2020 financial statements.

Defeased Debt

In prior years, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the City's schedule of debt obligations. At June 30, 2020, \$3,910,000 of bonds outstanding is considered defeased.

Assets Pledged as Collateral

Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

The City's outstanding installment purchase loans are secured with collateral of equipment (a Vactor).

Note 8 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for medical claims and participates in the Michigan Municipal League risk pool for claims relating to employee injuries, property loss, torts, and errors and omissions. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8 - Risk Management (Continued)

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The City provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all employees who meet eligibility requirements. The benefits are provided through the City of Saline OPEB Plan, a single-employer plan administered by the City Council.

Benefits Provided

The City of Saline OPEB Plan provides health care benefits to all full-time employees upon retirement, in accordance with labor contracts, as well as an established personnel policy. Several former employees also continue to be provided life insurance, dental, or vision benefits. Effective July 1, 2008, in the agreements of the police bargaining units and as of April 6, 2009 for nonunion employees through adoption of a revised personnel policies manual, the life insurance will no longer be a retirement benefit. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents in its insurance health care plan, with no contribution required by those participants who attained full retirement status. The City purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. Of the 94 participants, 61 are eligible for the health care benefits due to full retirement status, and some of these receive a combination of the other benefits.

The City offers three health care plan options to current employees, who are required to pay a set percentage of total cost if they choose a more expensive plan (a requirement that continues throughout retirement). Additionally, the City implemented the provisions of Public Act 152 of 2011 (PA 152) effective January 1, 2012 for nonunion employees (14 in total). Pursuant to this legislation, the City will contribute toward health care costs for current employees, not to exceed the limitations set forth by PA 152 (the "hard cap"), with employees being responsible to cover excess amounts.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following members were covered by the benefit terms:

	City of Saline OPEB Plan
Date of member count	June 30, 2019
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Active plan members	61 33
Total plan members	94

Contributions

Retiree health care costs are paid by the City on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums are due for payment. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City made payments for postemployment health benefit premiums and additional contributions totaling \$817,488. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability

The City has chosen to use the June 30 measurement date as its measurement date for the net OPEB liability. The June 30, 2020 fiscal year-end reported net OPEB liability was determined using a measure of the total OPEB liability and the OPEB net position as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date. The June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019.

Changes in the net OPEB liability during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total OPEB Plan Net		Net OPEB	
Changes in Net OPEB Liability	Liability	Position	Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 10,481,583 \$	6,052,952	\$ 4,428,631	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	152,385	-	152,385	
Interest	723,907	-	723,907	
Changes in assumptions	501,165	-	501,165	
Contributions - Employer	-	817,488	(817,488)	
Net investment income	=	149,032	(149,032)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(432,488)	(432,488)	-	
Administrative expenses		(11,756)	11,756	
Net changes	944,969	522,276	422,693	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 11,426,552	6,575,228	\$ 4,851,324	

The plan's fiduciary net position represents 57.5 percent of the total OPEB liability. Of the net total OPEB liability, \$3,395,923 has been allocated to governmental activities, and \$582,163 and \$873,238 have been allocated to the Water and Sewer funds, respectively.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$486,689.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan	\$ - 775,302	\$ (1,013,587) -
investments	 331,235	
Total	\$ 1,106,537	\$ (1,013,587)

Of the net deferred outflows of resources, \$774,576 has been allocated to governmental activities, and \$132,785 and \$199,176 have been allocated to the Water and Sewer funds, respectively. Of the net deferred inflows of resources, \$709.511 has been allocated to governmental activities, and \$121.631 and \$182,445 have been allocated to the Water and Sewer funds, respectively.

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30	_	Amount
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$	35,411 35,411 44,913 4,897 (52,651) 24,969
Total	\$	92,950

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using an inflation assumption of 2.50 percent; assumed salary increases (including inflation) of 3.75 percent; an investment rate of return (net of investment expenses) of 7.00 percent; a health care cost trend rate of 8.25 percent for 2020, decreasing 0.25 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.50 percent for 2036 and later years; and the Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality tables without adjustment for Pre-Retirement and scaled by a factor of 106 percent for Healthy Retirees. The mortality assumptions include a margin for future mortality improvements using Scape MP-2019 projected fully-generationally from the central year of data, 2010. These assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate.

Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Investment Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation, as disclosed in the investment note, are summarized in the following table:

	Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity		60.00 %	5.25 %
Global fixed income		20.00	1.25
Private investments		20.00	7.25

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease (6.0%)		Current Discount Rate (7.0%)		Poir	ercentage nt Increase (8.0%)
Net OPEB liability of the City of Saline OPEB Plan	\$ 6	5,474,126	\$	4,851,324	\$	3,524,613

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the health care cost trend rate of 8.25 percent, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	•		Current Health Care Cost Trend Rate (8.25%)		F	Point Increase
Net OPEB liability of the City of Saline OPEB Plan	\$	3,399,721	\$	4,851,324	\$	6,642,707

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report. For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Assumption Changes

The mortality tables were updated to the Pub-2010 mortality tables. The immediate post-65 trend rate was updated.

Note 10 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description

Plan Description

The City participates in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), which covers employees hired prior to June 30, 2008, plus union employees hired prior to June 30, 2008. Effective as of July 1, 2008, all of the collective bargaining agreements now require that any new union employees hired be enrolled in the Defined Contribution Under MERS plan (MERS DC Plan) in the form of the ICMA Retirement Corporation Money Purchase Plan and Trust through the Declaration of Trust of Vantage Trust. All full-time nonunion employees hired after May 21, 2012 are eligible for this plan, which incorporates defined benefits and defined contributions. The defined benefit is exclusively funded by the City. The employee is required to contribute 0-10 percent annually to the defined contribution portion of their retirement not to exceed \$49,000. The MERS plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to the various plan members and their beneficiaries. MERS was established as a statewide public employee pension plan by the Michigan Legislature under PA 135 of 1945 and is administered by a nine-member retirement board.

Note 10 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

MERS issues a publicly available financial report, which includes the financial statements and required supplemental information of this defined benefit plan. This report can be obtained at www.mersofmichigan.com or in writing to MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, MI 48917.

Benefits Provided

The MERS plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PA 427 of 1984, as amended, established and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS.

The MERS plan covers employees hired prior to June 30, 2008, plus union employees hired prior to June 30, 2008.

Retirement benefits for general union employees hired prior to June 30, 2008 are calculated as 2.25 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's years of service. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 25 years of service. Early retirement age with reduced benefits is 50 with 25 years of service or 55 with 15 years of service. The vesting period is six years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after six years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits equal 80 percent of the employee's final full-year salary. An employee who leaves service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Retirement benefits for general administrative employees hired prior to June 30, 2008 are calculated as 2.25 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's years of service. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 20 years of service. Early retirement age with reduced benefits is 50 with 25 years of service or 55 with 15 years of service. The vesting period is six years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after six years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits equal 80 percent of the employee's final full-year salary. An employee who leaves service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Retirement benefits for general nonunion employees hired prior to June 30, 2008 are calculated as 2.25 percent of the employee's final five-year average salary times the employee's years of service. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 25 years of service. Early retirement age with reduced benefits is 50 with 25 years of service or 55 with 15 years of service. The vesting period is six years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after six years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits equal 80 percent of the employee's final full-year salary. An employee who leaves service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Retirement benefits for police employees hired prior to June 30, 2008 are calculated as 2.50 percent of the employee's final three-year average salary times the employee's years of service. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50 with 25 years of service. Early retirement age with reduced benefits is 55 with 15 years of service. The vesting period is six years. Employees are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after six years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits equal 80 percent of the employee's final full-year salary. An employee who leaves service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost of living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustments are 3 percent, noncompounding.

Note 10 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Benefit terms, within the parameters established by MERS, are generally established and amended by authority of the City Council, generally after negotiations of these terms with the affected unions. Police and fire employees benefit terms may be subject to binding arbitration in certain circumstances.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2019 measurement date, the following members were covered by the benefit terms:

	MERS Plan
Date of member count	December 31, 2019
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Active plan members	74 10 40
Total employees covered by the plan	124

Contributions

State law requires public employers to make pension contributions in accordance with an actuarial valuation. The City hires an independent actuary for this purpose and annually contributes the amount determined to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS retirement board. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the average active employee contribution rate was 3.8 percent of annual pay, and the City's average contribution rate was 40.8 percent of annual payroll for the various employee groups.

Net Pension Liability

The City has chosen to use the December 31 measurement date as its measurement date for the net pension liability. The June 30, 2020 fiscal year-end reported net pension liability was determined using a measure of the total pension liability and the pension net position as of the December 31, 2019 measurement date. The December 31, 2019 measurement date total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of that date.

Note 10 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Changes in the net pension liability during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	T	otal Pension	Plan Net	Net Pension		
Changes in Net Pension Liability		Liability	Position	Liability		
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	28,048,710 \$	16,967,126	\$ 11,081,584		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		323,867	-	323,867		
Interest		2,184,600	-	2,184,600		
Changes in benefits		1,863	-	1,863		
Differences between expected and actual						
experience		(119,986)	-	(119,986)		
Changes in assumptions		853,197	-	853,197		
Contributions - Employer		-	1,180,225	(1,180,225)		
Contributions - Employee		-	109,708	(109,708)		
Net investment income		-	2,283,090	(2,283,090)		
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,806,276)	(1,806,276)	- ·		
Administrative expenses			(39,230)	39,230		
Net changes	_	1,437,265	1,727,517	(290,252)		
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	29,485,975 \$	18,694,643	\$ 10,791,332		

Of the net total pension liability, \$9,189,408 has been allocated to governmental activities, and \$409,724 and \$1,192,200 have been allocated to the Water and Sewer funds, respectively.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,857,514.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred outflows of desources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$	- 426,598	\$	(59,993) -
plan investments		84,338		
Total	\$	510,936	\$	(59,993)

Of the net deferred outflows of resources, \$436,408 has been allocated to governmental activities, and \$29,770 and \$44,758 have been allocated to the Water and Sewer funds, respectively. Of the net deferred inflows of resources, \$51,242 has been allocated to governmental activities, and \$3,496 and \$5,255 have been allocated to the Water and Sewer funds, respectively.

Note 10 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows.

Years Ending June 30	 Amount
2021 2022 2023 2024	\$ 333,478 68,997 238,058 (189,590)
Total	\$ 450,943

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%	
Salary increases	3.00%	Long-term wage inflation
Investment rate of return	7.60%	Net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table of a 50 percent male and 50 percent female blend, with rates multiplied by 105 percent. For disabled retirees, the rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation date valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2013.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 10 - Agent Defined Benefit Pension Plan Description (Continued)

Investment Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of the December 31, 2019 measurement date for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation, as disclosed in the investment note, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity Global fixed income	60.00 % 20.00	6.15 % 1.26
Private investments	20.00	6.56

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.6 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.6 percent) than the current rate:

	Percentage int Decrease (6.6%)	Curi	rent Discount Rate (7.6%)	Percentage nt Increase (8.6%)
Net pension liability of the MERS plan	\$ 13,853,624	\$	10,791,332	\$ 8,166,703

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report. For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Assumption Changes

The investment rate of return, net of investment expense, including inflation, changed from 7.75 percent to 7.35 percent. The assumed salary increase changed from 3.75 percent to 3.00 percent.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

Note 11 - Joint Venture

The City participates as a member of the Saline Area Fire Department, which provides fire protection services to the residents of the City of Saline, Michigan and Lodi, York, and Saline townships. The participating communities provide annual funding for its operations, fire runs, and capital improvements. During the current year, the City contributed the following:

Operations Fire runs	\$ 407,426 918
Capital improvements	 17,755
Total	\$ 426,099

The City has a liability related to this joint venture of \$885,731 as of June 30, 2020.

The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements for the Saline Area Fire Department can be obtained from the administrative offices at the City of Saline, 100 North Harris Street, Saline, MI, 48176.

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June 30, 2020

Note 12 - Fund Balance Constraints

The detail of the various components of fund balance is as follows:

				Primary G	overni	ment	
			9	Saline			
	Cor	nbining	Re	creation			
	Gene	ral Fund	Com	plex Fund	Nonn	najor Funds	 Total
Nonspendable - Long-term receivable	\$	58,882	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 58,882
Restricted:							
State 911 dispatch training		14,038		_		_	14,038
Recreation		14,000		223,984		_	223,984
Solid waste				220,004		73,658	73,658
Roads		_		_		3,135,654	3,135,654
CADETS		3.788		_		-	3,788
Drug forfeiture		6,300		_		_	6,300
DARE/TEAM		5,104		_		_	5,104
<i>D</i> 7 (((2) (())		0,101					 0,101
Total restricted		29,230		223,984		3,209,312	3,462,526
Committed:							
TIFA/Business area		3,135		_		_	3,135
Recreation		-		570,602		_	570,602
Cemetery perpetual care		_		-		913,461	913,461
TIFA projects		40,000		_		-	40,000
		10,000					 ,
Total committed		43,135		570,602		913,461	1,527,198
Assigned:							
Eguipment		187,940		_		_	187,940
Legislative changes		1,099,375		-		_	1,099,375
Infrastructure		58,500		-		_	58,500
Unfunded liabilities		350,000		-		-	350,000
Donations to public safety		4,716		-		-	4,716
Sauk Trail		1,028,319		-		-	1,028,319
Culture and arts		3,987		-		-	 3,987
Total assigned	2	2,732,837		-		-	2,732,837
Unassigned*		1,727,437		-		-	 1,727,437
Total fund balance	\$ 4	4,591,521	\$	794,586	\$	4,122,773	\$ 9,508,880

^{*}Unassigned fund balance contains \$36,983 related to the Fire Department Special Assessment component of the General Fund.

Note 13 - Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

Note 13 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The City's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

The valuation method for investments measured at net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented in the following table.

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The City holds shares or interests in investment companies where the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient.

As of June 30, 2020, the fair value of those investments are as follows:

Michigan CLASS investment pool Comerica J Fund	\$ 6,329,170 230,090
Total investments measured at NAV	\$ 6,559,260

The Michigan CLASS investment pool invests in U.S. Treasury obligations, federal agency obligations of the U.S. government, high-grade commercial paper (rated A1 or better), collateralized bank deposits, repurchase agreements (collateralized at 102 percent by treasuries and agencies), and approved money market funds. The program is designed to meet the needs of Michigan public sector investors. It purchases securities that are legally permissible under state statutes and are available for investment by Michigan counties, cities, townships, school districts, authorities, and other public agencies.

The Comerica J Fund is not registered with the SEC and does not issue a separate report. The fair value of the position in the pool is not the same as the value of the pool shares since the pool does not meet the requirements under GASB Statement No. 79 to report its value for financial reporting purposes at amortized cost.

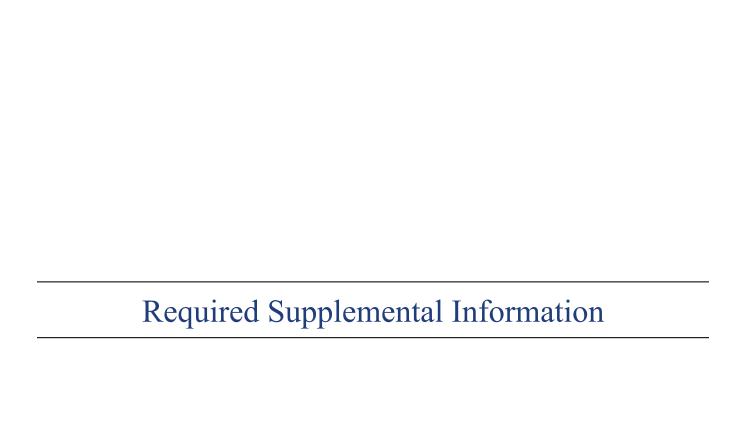
There were no unfunded commitments or redemptions associated with these investments.

Note 14 - Tax Abatements

The City receives reduced property tax revenue as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions (PA 198 of 1974) granted by cities, villages, and townships within the boundaries of the City. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities. Under the program, the City grants reductions of 50 percent of the property tax bill for new property for up to 12 years.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City abated \$153,297 of taxes under these programs. There are no provisions to recapture taxes; however, the abatement may be eliminated if taxes are not paid timely.

There are no significant abatements made by other governments that reduce the City's tax revenue.



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

	Ori	ginal Budget	_	Amended Budget		Actual	 ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue Property taxes State sources Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Licenses and permits: Cable franchise fees Other licenses and permits Interest and rentals	\$	6,317,307 1,208,689 769,650 46,600 241,500 455,570 60,525	\$	6,385,132 1,408,155 775,969 46,600 241,500 457,025 60,525	\$	6,341,228 1,453,064 780,611 43,874 234,696 412,241 53,235	\$ (43,904) 44,909 4,642 (2,726) (6,804) (44,784) (7,290)
Other revenue		781,776		626,815		605,102	 (21,713)
Total revenue		9,881,617		10,001,721		9,924,051	(77,670)
Expenditures Current services: General government Legislative Public safety Public works Cemetery Engineering department Parks and culture Capital outlay Debt service Total expenditures		4,313,501 64,156 2,726,859 954,482 70,822 129,715 354,682 376,000 333,619 9,323,836		4,438,343 61,333 2,728,009 955,150 65,578 133,413 282,188 85,692 333,619 9,083,325	· 	4,415,980 61,421 2,763,430 943,264 62,579 120,783 308,242 35,511 333,620 9,044,830	 22,363 (88) (35,421) 11,886 2,999 12,630 (26,054) 50,181 (1) 38,495
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures		557,781		918,396		879,221	(39,175)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		47,395 (577,864)		46,145 (549,033)		30,840 (549,033)	(15,305)
Total other financing uses		(530,469)		(502,888)		(518,193)	(15,305)
Net Change in Fund Balance		27,312		415,508		361,028	(54,480)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		4,230,493		4,230,493		4,230,493	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	4,257,805	\$	4,646,001	\$	4,591,521	\$ (54,480)

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Special Revenue Fund Saline Recreation Complex Fund

	Ori	ginal Budget	 Amended Budget	Actual	ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue Charges for services Interest and rentals Other revenue	\$	1,532,287 12,000 11,500	\$ 1,169,805 12,100 15,000	\$ 1,068,893 11,442 14,978	\$ (100,912) (658) (22)
Total revenue		1,555,787	1,196,905	1,095,313	(101,592)
Expenditures Current services - Recreation and culture Capital outlay Debt service Total expenditures		1,603,270 222,664 230,398 2,056,332	1,451,816 68,210 229,970 1,749,996	1,334,571 23,130 229,969 1,587,670	117,245 45,080 1 162,326
·					
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue		(500,545)	(553,091)	(492,357)	60,734
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in		255,398	255,398	 255,398	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(245,147)	(297,693)	(236,959)	60,734
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		1,031,545	1,031,545	 1,031,545	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	786,398	\$ 733,852	\$ 794,586	\$ 60,734

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last Six Years Ended December 31 (subsequent to GASB Statement No. 68 implementation in fiscal year 2015)

		2019		2018		2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between	\$	323,867 2,184,600 1,863	\$	320,359 2,105,574 -	\$	316,570 2,062,003 -	\$	324,151 2,024,122 -	\$	356,277 1,868,660 -	\$	362,829 1,805,002
expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including		(119,986) 853,197		334,354 (2,881)		(134,191) -		(252,310) -		642,537 1,286,394		- -
refunds	_	(1,806,276)		(1,736,387)		(1,666,855)	_	(1,570,430)	_	(1,403,057)		(1,382,798)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,437,265		1,021,019		577,527		525,533		2,750,811		785,033
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year		28,048,710	_	27,027,691	_	26,450,164	_	25,924,631		23,173,820	_	22,388,787
Total Pension Liability - End of year	\$	29,485,975	\$	28,048,710	<u>\$</u>	27,027,691	\$	26,450,164	\$	25,924,631	\$	23,173,820
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net investment income (loss) Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds	\$	1,180,225 109,708 2,283,090 (39,230) (1,806,276)	•	1,341,313 88,893 (710,406) (34,489) (1,736,387)	\$	1,112,524 77,025 2,136,303 (33,771) (1,666,855)		826,095 84,072 1,712,804 (33,923) (1,570,430)		1,019,116 178,104 (233,403) (34,370) (1,403,057)		618,561 129,388 971,540 (35,601) (1,382,798)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,727,517		(1,051,076)		1,625,226		1,018,618		(473,610)		301,090
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year		16,967,126	_	18,018,202	_	16,392,976	_	15,374,358	_	15,847,968	_	15,546,878
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of year	\$	18,694,643	\$	16,967,126	<u>\$</u>	18,018,202	\$	16,392,976	\$	15,374,358	\$	15,847,968
City's Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	10,791,332	<u>\$</u>	11,081,584	\$	9,009,489	\$	10,057,188	\$	10,550,273	\$	7,325,852
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		63.40 %		60.49 %		66.67 %		61.98 %		59.30 %		68.39 %
Covered Payroll	\$	2,893,579	\$	2,871,393	\$	2,757,790	\$	2,797,436	\$	3,163,992	\$	3,209,773
City's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		372.94 %		385.93 %		326.69 %		359.51 %		333.45 %		228.24 %

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Pension Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years Years Ended June 30

	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013			2012		2011
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	1,148,196	\$	1,041,888	\$	973,692	\$	805,287	\$	721,984	\$	615,968	\$	624,617	\$	661,319	\$	710,133	\$	733,772
actuarially determined contribution	_	1,172,232	_	1,258,250	_	1,033,824	_	985,744	_	721,984	_	640,968		624,617		661,319	_	710,133	_	1,559,010
Contribution Excess	\$	24,036	\$	216,362	\$	60,132	\$	180,457	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	825,238
Covered Payroll	\$	2,893,579	\$	2,871,393	\$	2,757,790	\$	2,797,436	\$	3,163,992	\$	3,209,773	\$	3,224,138	\$	3,409,024	\$	3,550,693	\$	3,716,481
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		40.51 %		43.82 %		37.49 %		35.24 %		22.82 %		19.97 %		19.37 %		19.40 %		20.00 %		41.95 %

Notes to Schedule of Pension Contributions

Valuation date

Mortality

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions

are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization method

21 years Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.5 percent 3.75 percent Salary increase Investment rate of return 8.00 percent

55 with 25 years of service, 55 with 20 years of service, 50 with 25 years of service, or 55 with 15 years of service Retirement age

50 percent male 50 percent female blend of the following tables:

1. The RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, with rates multiplied by 105 percent

2. The RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables 3. The RP-2014 Juvenile Mortality Tables

Other information None

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Three Fiscal Years (subsequent to GASB Statement No. 75 implementation in fiscal year 2018)

	_	2020	2019	_	2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds	\$	152,385 723,907 - 501,165 (432,488)	\$ 197,437 751,679 (1,363,704) 454,947 (403,330)	•	190,302 709,188 - - (372,374)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		944,969	(362,971)		527,116
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of year		10,481,583	10,844,554		10,317,438
Total OPEB Liability - End of year	\$	11,426,552	\$ 10,481,583	\$	10,844,554
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Net investment income Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds	\$	817,488 149,032 (11,756) (432,488)	1,119,330 185,965 (11,878) (403,330)		752,374 370,122 (12,024) (372,374)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		522,276	890,087		738,098
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year		6,052,952	5,162,865		4,424,767
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of year	\$	6,575,228	\$ 6,052,952	\$	5,162,865
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	4,851,324	\$ 4,428,631	\$	5,681,689
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability		57.54 %	57.75 %		47.61 %
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	2,142,491	\$ 2,308,836	\$	2,285,527
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		226.43 %	191.81 %		248.59 %

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of OPEB Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years Years Ended June 30

		2020	_	2019	2018	_	2017	2016	_	2015	_	2014	 2013	_	2012	2011
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	408,276	\$	503,357	\$ 507,583	\$	667,807	\$ 674,409	\$	700,059	\$	678,269	\$ 623,693	\$	589,134	\$ 583,089
actuarially determined contribution	_	817,488		1,119,330	 752,374	_	667,807	 674,409		700,059		678,269	 623,693	_	589,134	 583,089
Contribution Excess	\$	409,212	\$	615,973	\$ 244,791	\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$ 	\$		\$
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	2,142,491	\$	2,308,836	\$ 2,285,527	\$	3,542,932	\$ 3,542,932	\$	3,652,043	\$	3,458,856	\$ 3,291,325	\$	3,291,325	\$ 3,397,290
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		38.16 %		48.48 %	32.92 %		18.85 %	19.04 %		19.17 %		19.61 %	18.95 %		17.90 %	17.16 %

Notes to Schedule of OPEB Contributions

Valuation date

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age normal as a level percentage of payroll

Level percent of pay Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 29 years Asset valuation method Market value Inflation 2.50 percent

8.5 percent, decreasing to 4.5 percent Health care cost trend rates

3.75 percent Salary increase Investment rate of return 7.00 percent

Mortality RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, with rates multiplied by 105 percent

Notes to Required Supplemental Information

June 30, 2020

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and all special revenue funds.

The annual budget is prepared by city management and adopted by the City Council; subsequent amendments are approved by the City Council. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2019 has not been calculated. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The budget has been adopted on an activity basis, as provided in Section 19 of Public Act 621 of 1978, as amended. The General Appropriations Act, as drafted by the city attorney and adopted by the City Council, authorizes the city manager to transfer up to a total of 10 percent of the appropriations without further approval of the City Council. All expenditures made during the fiscal year fell well within these limits.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

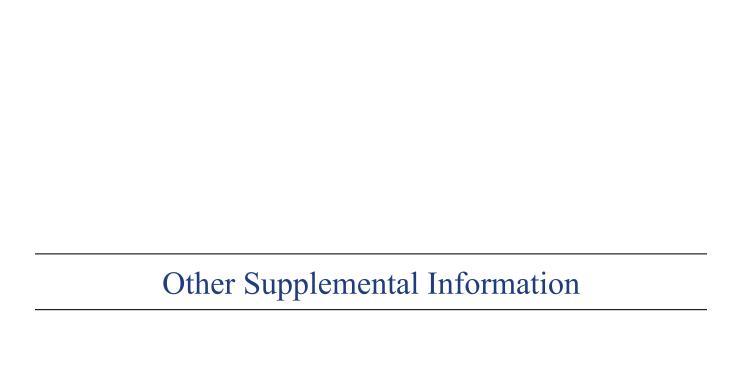
The City had budget overruns in the General Fund. These overruns relate to the overall timing of expenditures that came in subsequent to year end that pertained to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Changes in Assumptions

In 2019, for the OPEB valuation, the mortality tables were updated to Pub-2010 mortality tables. The immediate post-65 trend rate was updated. The annual per capita claims costs were updated based on the most recent plan information provided by the insurer. Inflation was increased to 2.50 percent. The health care claims (cost) trend rates were updated to those detailed in the uniform assumptions published in accordance with Public Act 202 of 2017.

In 2015, the pension valuation changed the investment rate of return, net of investment expense, including inflation, from 8.25 percent to 7.75 percent.

For the December 31, 2019 valuation, the pension valuation changed the investment rate of return, net of investment expense, including inflation, from 7.75 percent to 7.35 percent. The pension valuation also changed the assumed salary increase from 3.75 percent to 3.00 percent.



Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

		Spec	cial Revenue F	unds	De				
	Major Streets Fund	Local Streets Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	Solid Waste and Reclamation Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	Municipal Streets Fund	Building Authority Fund	Total Debt Service Funds	Total
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 2,226,999	\$ 760,231	\$ 908,411	\$ 193,465	\$ 4,089,106	\$ 25,315	\$ -	\$ 25,315	\$ 4,114,421
Customer receivables	54,349	-	5,050	-	59,399	-	-	-	59,399
Due from other governments	94,046	32,819	-	- 275	126,865	-	-	-	126,865
Due from component units	24,738			275	25,013				25,013
Total assets	\$ 2,400,132	\$ 793,050	\$ 913,461	\$ 193,740	\$ 4,300,383	\$ 25,315	<u> </u>	\$ 25,315	\$ 4,325,698
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 51,082	\$ 27,090	\$ -	\$ 120,044	\$ 198,216	\$ 127	\$ -	\$ 127	\$ 198,343
Accrued liabilities and other	3,509	1,023		38	4,570	12		12	4,582
Total liabilities	54,591	28,113	-	120,082	202,786	139	-	139	202,925
Fund Balances Restricted:									
Solid waste	-	-	-	73,658	73,658	-	-	-	73,658
Roads	2,345,541	764,937	-	-	3,110,478	25,176	-	25,176	3,135,654
Committed - Cemetery perpetual care			913,461		913,461				913,461
Total fund balances	2,345,541	764,937	913,461	73,658	4,097,597	25,176		25,176	4,122,773
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,400,132	\$ 793,050	\$ 913,461	\$ 193,740	\$ 4,300,383	\$ 25,315	<u> </u>	\$ 25,315	\$ 4,325,698

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Spec	ial Revenue F	unds		De			
	Major Streets Fund	Local Streets Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	Solid Waste and Reclamation Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	Municipal Streets Fund	Building Authority Fund	Total Debt Service Funds	Total
Revenue Property taxes State sources Charges for services Interest and rentals Other revenue	\$ 361,542 720,833 - 12,093 50,003	\$ 100,042 235,145 - 1,575 94	\$ - 49,645 19,572	\$ 751,083 - 127 8,630 -	\$ 1,212,667 955,978 49,772 41,870 50,097	\$ 239,516 - - 348 	\$ - - - - -	\$ 239,516 - - 348 -	\$ 1,452,183 955,978 49,772 42,218 50,097
Total revenue	1,144,471	336,856	69,217	759,840	2,310,384	239,864	-	239,864	2,550,248
Expenditures Current services: General government Public works Debt service	427,187 	219,329 	- - -	710 737,373 	710 1,383,889 -	10,216 - 220,855	- - 322,466	10,216 - 543,321	10,926 1,383,889 543,321
Total expenditures	427,187	219,329		738,083	1,384,599	231,071	322,466	553,537	1,938,136
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	717,284	117,527	69,217	21,757	925,785	8,793	(322,466)	(313,673)	612,112
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	(80,000)	80,000	- (30,840)	<u>-</u> -	80,000 (110,840)	<u>-</u>	293,635 	293,635	373,635 (110,840)
Total other financing (uses) sources	(80,000)	80,000	(30,840)		(30,840)		293,635	293,635	262,795
Net Change in Fund Balances	637,284	197,527	38,377	21,757	894,945	8,793	(28,831)	(20,038)	874,907
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	1,708,257	567,410	875,084	51,901	3,202,652	16,383	28,831	45,214	3,247,866
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 2,345,541	\$ 764,937	\$ 913,461	\$ 73,658	\$ 4,097,597	\$ 25,176	<u> - </u>	\$ 25,176	\$ 4,122,773

Other Supplemental Information Statement of Net Position/Governmental Fund Balance Sheet Economic Development Corporation

Jur	ne	3	0,	20	2	0
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	Bala	ance Sheet	Adj	ustments	Sta	atement of Net Position
Assets	•	F 000	•		•	5.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,626	\$	-	\$	5,626
Receivables Due from other funds		15,000 15,908		-		15,000 15,908
		12,000		_		12,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets		12,000				12,000
Total assets	\$	48,534		-		48,534
Liabilities - Accounts payable	\$	-		-		-
Fund Balance - Assigned Committed Assigned		1,109 47,425		(1,109) (47,425)		- -
Total fund balance		48,534		(48,534)		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	48,534				
Net Position						
Unrestricted				48,534		48,534
Total net position			\$	48,534	\$	48,534

Other Supplemental Information Statement of Net Position/Governmental Fund Balance Sheet Tax Increment Finance Authority

June	30,	2020
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	Bala	ance Sheet	Ac	ljustments	Sta	atement of Net Position
Assets - Cash and cash equivalents	\$	689,634	\$	-	\$	689,634
Liabilities Due to other governmental units Due to primary government Due to other funds	\$	10,749 80,375 15,908		- - -		10,749 80,375 15,908
Total liabilities		107,032		-		107,032
Fund Balance - Committed		582,602		(582,602)		
Total liabilities and fund balance - Committed	\$	689,634				
Net Position - Unrestricted			\$	582,602	\$	582,602

Other Supplemental Information Statement of Net Position/Governmental Fund Balance Sheet Local Development Finance Authority

June	30,	2020	ļ
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	Balance Sheet		Adjustments	Sta	atement of Net Position
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	363,506	\$ -	\$	363,506
Capital assets - Assets not subject to depreciation		40,749			40,749
Total assets	\$	404,255	-		404,255
Liabilities					
Due to other governmental units	\$	3,043	-		3,043
Due to primary government		24,738			24,738
Total liabilities		27,781	-		27,781
Fund Balance - Committed		376,474	(376,474	<u> </u>	-
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	404,255			
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets			40,749	9	40,749
Unrestricted			335,725	5	335,725
Total net position			\$ 376,474	<u>\$</u>	376,474

Other Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Component Units Economic Development Corporation

	nal Budget audited)	Amended Budget Unaudited)	Actual	,	ariance with Amended Budget Jnaudited)
Revenue					
Charges for services	\$ 15,400	\$ 15,400	\$ 15,427	\$	27
Other revenue	 70,170	 70,170	 67,245		(2,925)
Total revenue	85,570	85,570	82,672		(2,898)
Expenditures - Current services - General government:					
Professional services	42,055	41,562	33,746		7,816
Community relations	19,000	9,000	3,752		5,248
Promotional services	19,570	20,679	16,940		3,739
Other	 3,875	4,988	 3,524		1,464
Total expenditures	 84,500	76,229	 57,962		18,267
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,070	9,341	24,710		15,369
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	 23,824	 23,824	 23,824		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 24,894	\$ 33,165	\$ 48,534	\$	15,369

Other Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Component Units (Continued) Tax Increment Finance Authority

	_	inal Budget naudited)		Amended Budget (Unaudited)	 Actual	ariance with Amended Budget Unaudited)
Revenue						
Property taxes	\$	655,135	\$	645,651	\$ 647,163	\$ 1,512
Unrestricted investment income		5,700		5,700	 4,420	 (1,280)
Total revenue		660,835		651,351	651,583	232
Expenditures - Current services -						
General government:		100.050		400.050	400.004	4.0
Administrative		100,250		100,350	100,334	16
Community relations		54,900		5,000	5,252	(252)
Contributions to Major Streets Fund		348,187		209,807	209,803	4
Contributions to Water and Sewer funds		167,706	_	71,706	 51,706	 20,000
Total expenditures		671,043	_	386,863	 367,095	 19,768
Net Change in Fund Balance		(10,208)		264,488	284,488	20,000
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		298,114		298,114	 298,114	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	287,906	\$	562,602	\$ 582,602	\$ 20,000

Other Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Component Units (Continued) Local Development Finance Authority

	_	inal Budget naudited)		Amended Budget (Unaudited)		Actual		ariance with Amended Budget (Unaudited)
Revenue								
Property taxes Unrestricted investment income	\$ 	716,666 5,200	\$	711,441 5,200	\$	711,421 4,630	\$	(20) (570)
Total revenue		721,866		716,641		716,051		(590)
Expenditures - Current services - General government:								
Administrative		59,155		83,266		81,882		1,384
Contributions to Municipal Streets Fund		531,727		531,727		540,474		(8,747)
Contributions to Water and Sewer funds		52,954		52,954		52,954		
Total expenditures		643,836	_	667,947		675,310		(7,363)
Net Change in Fund Balance		78,030		48,694		40,741		(7,953)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		335,733	_	335,733	_	335,733	_	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	413,763	\$	384,427	\$	376,474	\$	(7,953)

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet General Fund

June 30, 2020

	_G	eneral Fund	Fire Department Special Assessment			otal Combining General Fund
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,477,459	\$	36,983	\$	4,514,442
Receivables		431,530		-		431,530
Due from component units		60,310		-		60,310
Receivable due in more than one year		58,882		-		58,882
Total assets	\$	5,028,181	\$	36,983	\$	5,065,164
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	245,711	\$	-	\$	245,711
Accrued liabilities and other		227,932		-		227,932
Total liabilities		473,643		-		473,643
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		58,882		-		58,882
Restricted		29,230		_		29,230
Committed		43,135		-		43,135
Assigned		2,732,837		-		2,732,837
Unassigned		1,690,454		36,983		1,727,437
Total fund balances		4,554,538		36,983		4,591,521
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,028,181	\$	36,983	\$	5,065,164

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

	General Fund		Fire Department Special Assessment		Total Combining General Fund	
Revenue						
Property taxes	\$	6,341,228	\$ -	\$	6,341,228	
State sources	•	1,453,064	· <u>-</u>	•	1,453,064	
Charges for services		780,611	-		780,611	
Fines and forfeitures		43,874	-		43,874	
Licenses and permits		646,937	-		646,937	
Interest and rentals		52,852	383		53,235	
Other revenue		174,811	430,291		605,102	
Total revenue		9,493,377	430,674		9,924,051	
Expenditures						
Current services:						
General government		4,415,980	-		4,415,980	
Legislative		61,421	-		61,421	
Public safety		2,337,331	426,099		2,763,430	
Public works		943,264	-		943,264	
Cemetery		62,579	-		62,579	
Engineering department		120,783	-		120,783	
Parks, recreation, and culture		308,242	-		308,242	
Capital outlay		35,511	-		35,511	
Debt service		333,620	-		333,620	
Total expenditures		8,618,731	426,099		9,044,830	
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures		874,646	4,575		879,221	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		30,840	-		30,840	
Transfers out		(549,033)			(549,033)	
Total other financing uses		(518,193)	. <u>-</u>		(518,193)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		356,453	4,575		361,028	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		4,198,085	32,408		4,230,493	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	4,554,538	\$ 36,983	\$	4,591,521	